

Amendments to the Claims

The following Listing of Claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (currently amended): A method, comprising:
~~dividing a color digital image from an image sensor into a plurality of blocks;~~
~~calculating~~ determining a correlation (~~Cor~~) matrix (Cor) ~~of RGB from color values~~
~~channels of a color digital~~ said image sensor;
~~estimating~~ ascertaining a correlation matrix (Cor_{NN}) ~~for an~~ of noise in the image sensor
~~noise;~~
calculating a new color conversion matrix C_{NEW} ~~using Cor and Cor_m, as in~~
accordance with $C_{NEW} = C_{NOMINAL}(Cor - Cor_{NN})^T(Cor^{-1})^T$, where $C_{NOMINAL}$ is a ~~second~~
nominal color conversion matrix ~~calculated for the whole picture image; and~~
color converting the color values of the image by applying said the new color
conversion matrix C_{NEW} to all pixels in a block, block by block ~~the color values.~~

Claim 2 (currently amended): The method of claim 1, ~~wherein:~~
~~the step of further comprising dividing is such that said color digital~~ the image is
~~divided into a plurality of non-overlapping NxM blocks that are each at least large enough to~~
~~yield second order statistics of image signals~~ image areas.

Claim 3 (currently amended): The method of claim ~~1~~ 2, wherein:
~~the step of estimating is such that the~~ ascertaining comprises ascertaining for each
image area j a respective correlation matrix ($Cor_{NN}(j)$) comprising values of noise variation
determined for the respective image area j ~~of the image sensor noise comprises a sum of the~~
~~fixed pattern noise, shot noise and readout noise, wherein a variance of said fixed pattern~~
~~noise and shot noise for each RGB channel depends on light intensity and is estimated from~~
~~the average RGB values in a particular block.~~

Claim 4 (currently amended): The method of claim ~~1~~ 2, wherein:

~~the step of the calculating is such that~~determining comprises determining for each image area j a respective correlation matrix $Cor(j)$ having values derived from color values in the respective image area j~~is a first correlation matrix based on said pixel values in each respective pixel group, and Cor_{NN} is a second correlation matrix based on the estimated noise of said pixel values in each respective pixel group.~~

Claim 5 (currently amended): The method of claim 1, ~~further comprising:~~
~~converting more than three color channels each with different noise statistics into a standard color space by adaptively weighing and choosing a color channel that results in minimum noise with a color conversion matrix~~wherein the determining, ascertaining, calculating, and color converting are performed on color values of the image in three or more color channels.

Claim 6 (currently amended): The method of claim 12, wherein:
~~the step of dividing~~ comprises grouping pixels of the image into the image areas based on local ~~is such that said pixels are grouped according to their having similar statistics determined from the color values of the image.~~

Claim 7 (currently amended): The method of claim 12, wherein:
~~the step of dividing~~ comprises grouping pixels of the image into the image areas in accordance with a ~~is such that said pixels are grouped according to their having similar colors using clustering process or a vector quantization processes~~process applied to the color values of the image to calculate the color conversion matrix for that block.

Claim 8 (currently amended): The method of claim 12, wherein:
~~the step of calculating~~ comprises calculating for each image area j a respective new color conversion matrix is such that $C_{NEW}(j)$ is calculated via a numerical method such as conjugate gradient or steepest descent method where a starting point for C_{NEW} is based on the nominal color conversion matrix $C_{NOMINAL}$ or the respective new color conversion matrix $C_{NEW}(k)$ calculated for an image area k~~matrix of an adjacent block~~the image area j.

Claim 9 (currently amended): A method of ~~color converting a digital color picture'~~
~~image made up of pixels~~, comprising:

~~dividing the picture area of said a color picture digital image into a plurality of smaller~~
~~pixel image areas, each pixel having a plurality of pixel values each corresponding to a~~
~~different color channel;~~

for each of the image areas, calculating a respective color conversion matrix based on
the color values of the image area; and

color converting each of the image areas by applying the respective color conversion
matrix to color values of the image area~~processing said pixel values for each respective pixel~~
~~in each respective pixel group, using a first color conversion matrix, said first color~~
~~conversion matrix being based on said pixel values in each respective pixel group.~~

Claim 10 (currently amended): The method of claim 9, wherein:

~~said first~~the calculating comprises, for each image area j, calculating a respective
color conversion matrix $C_{NEW}(j)$ is calculated by in accordance with

$$C_{NEW}(j) = C_{NOMINAL}(Cor(j) - Cor_{NN}(j))^T (Cor^{-1}(j))^T$$

~~wherein $C_{NOMINAL}$ is a second nominal color conversion matrix calculated for the whole~~
~~picture image, each of the $Cor(j)$ is a first respective correlation matrix determined from color~~
~~values of the image area j based on said pixel values in each respective pixel group, and each~~
~~of the $Cor_{NN}(j)$ is a second respective correlation matrix of noise in the image area j based on~~
~~the estimated noise of said pixel values in each respective pixel group.~~

Claim 11 (currently amended): The method of claim 10, wherein:

~~each pixel in a pixel group, prior to processing the color converting, each image area j~~
~~has color values $(R_{j,raw} \ G_{j,raw} \ B_{j,raw})$ in a red, green, blue color space has a first pixel value~~
~~corresponding to the color channel red (R_{raw}), a second pixel value corresponding to the color~~
~~channel green (G_{raw}) and a third pixel value corresponding to the color channel blue (B_{raw}).~~

Claim 12 (canceled)

Claim 13 (currently amended): The method of claim 11, wherein:

~~said first~~each color correlation matrix $\{Cor(i)$ is determined in accordance with

$$Cor = \frac{1}{N} \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^N R_{raw}(i) \cdot R_{raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^N R_{raw}(i) \cdot G_{raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^N R_{raw}(i) \cdot B_{raw}(i) \\ \sum_{i=1}^N R_{raw}(i) \cdot G_{raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^N G_{raw}(i) \cdot G_{raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^N G_{raw}(i) \cdot B_{raw}(i) \\ \sum_{i=1}^N R_{raw}(i) \cdot B_{raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^N G_{raw}(i) \cdot B_{raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^N B_{raw}(i) \cdot B_{raw}(i) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Cor(j) = \frac{1}{N_j} \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^{N_j} R_{j,raw}(i) \cdot R_{j,raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^{N_j} R_{j,raw}(i) \cdot G_{j,raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^{N_j} R_{j,raw}(i) \cdot B_{j,raw}(i) \\ \sum_{i=1}^{N_j} R_{j,raw}(i) \cdot G_{j,raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^{N_j} G_{j,raw}(i) \cdot G_{j,raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^{N_j} G_{j,raw}(i) \cdot B_{j,raw}(i) \\ \sum_{i=1}^{N_j} R_{j,raw}(i) \cdot B_{j,raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^{N_j} G_{j,raw}(i) \cdot B_{j,raw}(i) & \sum_{i=1}^{N_j} B_{j,raw}(i) \cdot B_{j,raw}(i) \end{bmatrix}$$

where i is the pixel position in ~~said pixel group~~the image area j , and N_j is ~~the a~~a respective total number of pixels in ~~said pixel group~~the image area j .

Claim 14 (currently amended): The method of claim 11, wherein:

~~said second~~each correlation matrix $\{Cor_{NN}(j)$ is determined in accordance with

$$Cor_{NN}(j) = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_R^2(j) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sigma_G^2(j) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sigma_B^2(j) \end{bmatrix}$$

where, for said pixel group, $\sigma_R(j)$ ~~is the estimated~~is the estimated standard deviation of noise value in the red color channel of image area j , $\sigma_G(j)$ ~~is the estimated~~is the estimated standard deviation of noise value in the green color channel of image area j , and $\sigma_B(j)$ ~~is the estimated~~is the estimated standard deviation of noise value in the blue color channel of image area j .

Claim 15 (currently amended): The method of claim 11, wherein:

~~said second~~further comprising calculating the nominal color conversion matrix C_{NOMINAL} ~~is calculated~~ by minimizing the sum of a squared [-] difference between a spectral sensitivity function of color values in the color-converted ~~spaces~~image area and a standard color space.

Claim 16 (canceled)

Claim 17 (currently amended): The method of claim ~~11~~10, wherein:
prior to the color converting, each image area j has color values in a four-channel color space~~each pixel in a pixel group has four pixel values corresponding to the color channels cyan, magenta, yellow and white.~~

Claims 18-20 (canceled)

Claim 21 (new): The method of claim 1, wherein the color converting comprises applying the new color conversion matrix C_{NEW} to all the color values in only a portion of the image.

Claim 22 (new): The method of claim 1, wherein the color converting comprises applying the new color conversion matrix C_{NEW} to all the color values of the image.

Claim 23 (new): A system, comprising:
a memory storing a color digital image; and
a processing system operable to:

determine a correlation matrix (Cor) from color values of the image;
ascertain a correlation matrix (Cor_{NN}) of noise values in the image;
calculate a new color conversion matrix C_{NEW} in accordance with

$$C_{\text{NEW}} = C_{\text{NOMINAL}}(\text{Cor} - \text{Cor}_{\text{NN}})^T(\text{Cor}^{-1})^T$$
, where C_{NOMINAL} is a nominal color conversion matrix; and

color convert the color values of the image by applying the new color conversion matrix C_{NEW} to the color values.

Claim 24 (new): The system of claim 23, wherein the processing system additionally is operable to:

- divide the image into a plurality of image areas;
- ascertain for each image area j a respective correlation matrix $Cor_{NN}(j)$ comprising values of noise variation determined for the respective image area j ; and
- determine for each image area j a respective correlation matrix $Cor(j)$ having values derived from color values in the respective image area j .

Claim 25 (new): A system, comprising:

- a memory storing a color digital image; and
- a processing system operable to:

- divide the image into a plurality of image areas;
- for each of the image areas, calculate a respective color conversion matrix based on the color values of the image area; and
- color convert each of the image areas by applying the respective color conversion matrix to color values of the image area.

Claim 26 (new): The system of claim 25, wherein, for each image area j , the processing system additionally is operable to calculate a respective color conversion matrix $C_{NEW}(j)$ in accordance with

$$C_{NEW}(j) = C_{NOMINAL}(Cor(j) - Cor_{NN}(j))^T (Cor^{-1}(j))^T$$

wherein $C_{NOMINAL}$ is a nominal color conversion matrix, each of the $Cor(j)$ is a respective correlation matrix determined from color values of the image area j , and each of the $Cor_{NN}(j)$ is a respective correlation matrix of noise in the image area j .